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## AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-18 are currently pending. Please amend claims 1, 3-5, 12-13 and 15-16. Please cancel claims 2 and 11. Please add claims 19 and 20. This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for processing data comprising:
- (a) converting [[a]] stream streams of synchronous serial data associated with a source time slot a plurality of source time slots in a time-division multiplexing frame into a plurality of parallel data units;
- (b) constructing, during a synchronization interval, at least one subpacket subpackets in memory from the plurality of parallel data units;
- (c) storing memory context information, including a destination time slot identifier, for each subpacket associated with <u>each of a plurality of different source time slots</u> the source time slot in a time-division multiplexing frame;
- (d) constructing a data packet in memory, the data packet including at least one synchronization tag identifying the synchronization interval, a plurality of subpackets, and the respective memory context information associated with each of the subpackets; and,
- (e) providing the data packet to a receiving mechanism comprising an asynchronous switch; and [[.]]
- (f) transmitting from the asynchronous switch the data packet, including a plurality of subpackets, to a destination to disassemble the data packet into subpackets, each subpacket being associated with a corresponding destination time slot identifier.
- 2. (Cancelled)
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[2]]1 wherein (f) comprises:
- (f1) directing a subpacket into a play-out memory buffer based on the destination time slot identifier associated with the subpacket.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[2]] wherein (f) comprises:

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- (f1) directing a subpacket into a location within a play-out memory buffer based on the synchronization tag associated with the subpacket.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[2]]1 wherein (f) comprises:
  - (f1) determining a number of subpackets contained within the packet.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the memory context comprises time slot identification data.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the memory context comprises destination queue identification data.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the memory context comprises enable data for enabling a data stream.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the packet further comprises data identifying the number of subpackets contained therein.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the asynchronous switch comprises a plurality of destination ports and the packet further comprises data identifying to which of the destination ports the packet will be supplied.
- 11. (Cancelled)
- 12. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[11]]1 wherein (c) comprises:

  (c2)(c1) maintaining associations between a plurality of source time slot identifiers and a plurality of destination time slot identifiers.
- 13. (Currently Amended) A method for processing data comprising:
- (a) converting a plurality of synchronous serial data streams, each associated with a source time slot, into parallel data units;

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- (b) constructing, in ingress memory, at least one subpacket subpackets from the parallel data units associated with one of the source time slots,
- (c) retrieving ingress context data associated with the subpacket each subpacket associated with each of a plurality of different source time slots, the ingress context data comprising a destination time slot identifier, a queue identifier, and an enable variable;
- (d) constructing, in each of a plurality of queues, a data packet from subpackets and ingress context data associated with multiple source time slots, the subpackets within the data packet completed within a synchronization interval, the data packet further comprising i) at least one synchronization tag identifying the synchronization interval, and ii) data identifying the number of subpackets contained in the packet; and
- (e) upon completion of a data packet, providing the data packet to the receiving mechanism comprising an asynchronous switch; and[[.]]
- (f) transmitting from the asynchronous switch the data packet to a destination to disassemble the data packet into subpackets, each subpacket being associated with a corresponding destination time slot identifier.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein (c) comprises:
- (c1) upon completion of a subpacket, reading from an ingress context memory the ingress context data.
- 15. (Currently Amended) A method for processing data comprising:
- (a) providing an apparatus having synchronization logic and an asynchronous switch for routing synchronous signals among a synchronous network interface and an asynchronous network interface and synchronization logic;
- (b) receiving a plurality synchronous serial data streams each from a different source time slot in a time-division multiplexing frame;
- (c) constructing a data packet from a plurality of subpackets each derived from one the synchronous serial data streams and a respective memory context associated stored with each subpacket, wherein the respective memory context includes a destination time slot identifier for

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each subpacket associated with each of the different source time slots in the time-division multiplexing frame; and

- (d) routing the <u>data</u> packet through the asynchronous switch to one of the asynchronous network interface and the synchronous network interface; <u>and</u>[[.]]
- (e) transmitting from the asynchronous switch the data packet to disassemble the data packet into the plurality of subpackets, each subpacket being associated with a corresponding destination time slot identifier.
- 16. (Currently Amended) A method for processing data comprising:
  - (a) receiving a data packet from an asynchronous switch, the data packet comprising:

a plurality of subpackets <u>associated with a plurality of source time slots in a time-division multiplexing frame</u>, the subpackets within the data packet completed within a <u>synchronization interval</u>; and

ingress context data associated with multiple the plurality of source time slots, the ingress context data comprising a destination time slot identifier for each subpacket associated with each of a plurality of different source time slots the subpackets within the data packet completed within a synchronization interval, the data packet further comprising

- i) at least one synchronization tag identifying the synchronization interval, and
- ii) data identifying the number of subpackets contained in the packet;
- (b) writing a subpackets into one of a plurality of playout buffers within an egress memory based on context data associated with the subpacket;
- (c) writing the subpacket to a position within one of the plurality of playout buffers in accordance with the synchronization interval identified by the synchronization tag plus a fixed address offset; and
  - (d) sequentially reading the subpackets from the playout buffer.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 16 further comprising:
  - (e) converting the data in the subpacket into serial synchronous data.

- 18. (Original) The method of claim 16 wherein the context data associated with a subpacket comprises a destination time slot identifier and wherein (b) comprises:
- (b1) writing a subpackets into one of a plurality of playout buffers within the egress memory in accordance with the destination time slot identifier.
- 19. (New) A communications system comprising:

a network server device configured to:

convert streams of synchronous serial data associated with a plurality of source time slots in a time-division multiplexing frame into a plurality of parallel data units;

construct, during a synchronization interval, subpackets in memory from the plurality of parallel data units;

store memory context information, including a destination time slot identifier, for each subpacket associated with each of a plurality of different source time slots in a time-division multiplexing frame;

construct a data packet in memory, the data packet including at least one synchronization tag identifying the synchronization interval, a plurality of subpackets, and the respective memory context information associated with each of the subpackets; and

provide the data packet to a receiving mechanism comprising an asynchronous switch, so that the receiving mechanism can transmit the data packet, including a plurality of subpackets, to a second network server device that disassembles the data packet into subpackets, each subpacket being associated with a corresponding destination time slot identifier.

20. (New) A computer program product, tangibly embodied in a computer-readable storage device, the computer program product including instructions being operable to cause a computing device to:

convert streams of synchronous serial data associated with a plurality of source time slots in a time-division multiplexing frame into a plurality of parallel data units;

construct, during a synchronization interval, subpackets in memory from the plurality of parallel data units;

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Filed: September 9, 2003

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store memory context information, including a destination time slot identifier, for each subpacket associated with each of a plurality of different source time slots in a time-division multiplexing frame;

construct a data packet in memory, the data packet including at least one synchronization tag identifying the synchronization interval, a plurality of subpackets, and the respective memory context information associated with each of the subpackets;

provide the data packet to a receiving mechanism comprising an asynchronous switch; and

transmit from the asynchronous switch the data packet, including a plurality of subpackets, to a destination to disassemble the data packet into subpackets, each subpacket being associated with a corresponding destination time slot identifier.